

SPECIAL REMOVAL SALE!

Prior to change of location I will, for the next two weeks, sell my stock at greatly reduced prices rather than move the goods to my new location, 138 N. Main street. Tea Sets, Cake Dishes, Baking Dishes and other silver hollow ware at half regular prices. Spoons, Knives and Forks, etc., at comparative prices. Elegant gold plated Banquet Lamps and Onyx Tables from \$5.00 up. Solid gold gent's Watch from \$15 upward; solid gold ladies' Watch from \$12 to \$75; reliable guaranteed filled Watch from \$10 to \$40. Elgin, Waltham, Springfield or Duber watches \$4, former price \$8. Clocks from 75c to \$20, reduced from \$1.25 and \$20. Columbia Bicycles heretofore sold at \$100 now \$75; Hartford Bicycles reduced from \$80 to \$45. Elegant cut glassware at half price.

We have not space to give prices on everything, but come in and look our stock over and we will make the price an object to you. We will continue to give the same careful attention to Jewelry and Watch Repairs of all kinds and give especial attention to fitting eyes with glasses.

After May 1st 138 North Main St.

W. W. PEARCE, 403 E. Douglas Ave.

TESTIMONY PUT IN BEFORE THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Representatives of the Roads Tell at Austin, Texas, How the Present Rate System is Affecting Southern and Texas Points in a Grand Beneficial All Around, Only the St. Louis Jobbing Houses Kicking on It—Street Car Men Indicted in Indianapolis, and How it Works—Railway News in General.

Austin, Tex., April 17.—The Interstate Commerce commission today took up the case of the Business Men's league, wherein they are asking for a reduction in less than car load rates from St. Louis to Texas and southern points. Several railroad representatives were placed on the stand and the trend of their testimony was that a granting of these requests would work a hardship on the roads. It was testified that an enforcement of less than car load rates on freight from St. Louis defined territory to Texas common points would not only entail a direct loss to the roads on freight, but would entail an additional loss in operating expenses, as it would require an additional expenditure of from 25 to 50 per cent to handle in this form with no increase in revenue. It was further stated that a granting of this request was against the interests of the roads and jobbers of Texas; that the present rate of car lots had been secured after a long discussion of the problem and that it had been amicably settled to the satisfaction of the Interstate Commerce commission, the Texas Railway commission, the jobbers and the railroads, and any change would create not only confusion but would be materially unjust to everyone save the St. Louis jobbers, who would profit by the discomfort and pecuniary loss of everybody else.

THREE-CENT FARE CASES.
Indianapolis, Ind., April 17.—Indictments have been returned by special session of the grand jury against President A. L. Mason, Superintendent Miller Elliott, and a dozen conductors and other officers of the Citizens Street Railway company, for violation of the three-cent fare law. Mason and Elliott were arrested and promptly gave bonds. Feeling against the company still runs high, but the announcement by the railway officials of their determination to accept three-cent fares, pending an appeal, will probably prevent further trouble.

RATE CUTTING ALREADY.
Minneapolis, Minn., April 17.—Railroad men see in recent occurrences here a decided possibility of a passenger rate war involving all the Chicago-Minneapolis lines. The trouble started in the cutting of a party rate from Minneapolis to St. Louis, and in the cutting of picnic rates from here to Minneapolis. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is charged with being the aggressor, and the aggrieved roads threaten to retaliate by cutting the Chicago rate. This would affect the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul vitally, since it carries 25 per cent of the traffic. The violation of local agreements may have interfered with the success of the proposed western agreement.

WESTERN AND ST. LOUIS LINES.
St. Louis, April 17.—The special committee of western lines' general passenger agents having in hand the revision of the proposed new passenger traffic agreement met in this city with the general passenger agents of the St. Louis western lines. Very few changes in the draft of the agreement were suggested by the St. Louis lines, and the document will be submitted for adoption at a general conference of the western lines next Monday.

BIG DEAL IN ST. LOUIS.
St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—The Missouri Railroad company, comprising three lines, the Olive Street, the Market Street, and the Laclede Avenue Road, was bought today in the name of Edward Whitaker and Charles D. McClure, for the Lindell system. By this purchase, the Lindell system becomes the greatest in St. Louis, and probably the greatest in the world. While the figures have not been given out, it is understood that in the transfer nearly \$2,000,000 was involved.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.
Washington, April 17.—Mr. Bland of Missouri has drafted the following resolution, which he tried unsuccessfully to have considered by the house today: "Whereas, There are a number of suits pending in the courts of the United States to foreclose the first mortgages on the Union Pacific Railroad company, that said foreclosures may endanger the rights, equities and liens of the government as second mortgagee, therefore be it

"Resolved, That the attorney general be and is hereby requested to furnish this house as speedily as practicable all the information he has as to the number of suits brought to foreclose said mortgages, the amount of the government's claim against said railroad company, and what, if any, proceedings have been taken to secure the government against any loss in this behalf. Also as to whether the government has been made a party to these foreclosing proceedings, if so, by what authority, and state to the house whether, in his opinion, the executive officers of the government have to bring suits or enter the appearance of the government so as to bind it or predicate it in any manner affecting

the pecuniary interests of the government in this behalf, or to impair the power of the government, now existing by law, to regulate and control said passenger traffic or as to the rights of the government to use said roads as a military and postal road; also what, if any, legislation is necessary to protect the government of the matter herein set forth. It is further resolved that the speaker should at an early day appoint a committee on Pacific railroads, to the end that the house can give due and speedy consideration to the subject."

The Republican leaders of the house expressed wonder and astonishment at the declaration that the speaker should appoint a committee on Pacific railroads at once. Mr. Bland said his chief object was to secure the information from the attorney general, and he would make any attempt to have the resolution considered.

WU TING TANG AND SUITE.
San Francisco, April 17.—Minister Wu Ting Tang and his suite were afforded yesterday an insight into the military and naval efficiency of the United States by visits to the Presidio and the Union Iron works. On both occasions even the usual staid countenances of the Chinese expressed wonder and astonishment at the many sights they saw. That these impressions might not be lost upon them, copious notes were made in their little pocketbooks. Earlier in the day a number of the Christianized Chinese, accompanied by their ministers, were received by Minister Wu Ting Tang. Addresses were made both in English and Chinese, the Chinese minister saying some nice things to his countrymen in their own language.

Last night the See Yip merchants banqueted the minister and suite at the Hang Fow restaurant, on Dupont street. An elaborate Chinese dinner was served, a number of white people attending. A Chinese band of music entertained the proceedings from an adjoining balcony.

HE HAS DIVIDED IT
(Continued from Ninth Page.)

ing you have found a bag of gold, and waking up to discover you have the cholera morbus. And yet, it has a funny side. After doing enough solid hard work to have been in Kansas to have entitled us to be worth a million dollars it sounds funny to have it said, when we indulge in the luxury of a new shirt or a clean pair of socks, "Where did he get the money? He sold out!"

It may perhaps not be amiss to state that from 1871 to 1872 we were Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Kansas, during which year, the order enjoyed an unprecedented degree of prosperity, notwithstanding it will be seen from this that we have been a "Squeaker."

Now perhaps some people will think we should have been more serious in this autobiography; that too much levity pervades it. We have always been accused of indulging too much in levity, and looking at the ridiculous side of everything. As well, there is fun in everything, if it can only be smiled at. When we arrive at that condition where we can not see fun in anything, and enjoy it, we want to die, and go to heaven.

TWO BAD BOYS.
Next door, Jan., April 17.—Christopher Nation and Floyd Merchant, the two Emporia small boys who were arrested last week for attempting to wreck a train were brought before Probate Judge John E. Smith this morning and given a short examination, after which it was decided advisable to summon additional witnesses and the case was accordingly postponed until 4:30 this afternoon.

The evidence against the boys is complete and there is every indication that they are both slated to spend the next few years in the Topeka reform school. It is believed that the fortunate passage of a range of session men by the place where the observations were placed is all that saved the north-bound passenger, No. 8, from a serious wreck. The boys are both less than sixteen years old, and the offense with which they are charged is a very serious one for such young culprits. Special Agent J. T. Borkin of the Santa Fe has spent several days on the case and believes he has secured conclusive evidence against them, both through his personal investigation and through the boys' own confessions. They both had run away from their homes at Emporia and had attempted to beat their way south on the Santa Fe. They succeeded in reaching Peabody, but when a few miles south of there they were put off by the brakemen of the train in which they were riding, and it was probably their anger over this that put the idea of wrecking the train into their heads.

and captured the boys turning them over to the authorities at Walton, who held them for Sheriff Juddkins, who brought them here the next day. Floyd Merchant, who is slightly the older of the two boys, has already spent his second term in the state reform school for offenses strikingly similar to the one with which he is now charged, and it is believed that he is by far the more guilty of the two. The child seems to have already become familiar with many of the methods of the professional criminal, for he is constantly denying what he may have openly confessed an hour or two before.

The examination of the witnesses from Walton was taken up earlier than was expected this afternoon. Their testimony corroborated the points brought out by Special Agent J. T. Borkin and the case against them being conclusive, Judge Johnson announced his decision as guilty and as soon as the necessary formalities are completed the boys will be sent to the reform school at Topeka and the length of their stay there will depend on their behavior. Neither of the boys have the real look of the criminal, and it may be that their terms in the reform school will prove salutary lessons to them.

TRAMPS ARE SLICK.
Newton, Kan., April 17.—A Santa Fe conductor says there is a fellowship among the tramps as strong and binding as among any of the secret societies. They help each other and stand by each other's interests with a fidelity which is worthy of a better purpose. "We railroad men have a grand opportunity to observe the methods of the tramps," says Mr. Conrad. "Their favorite haunts when in transit are the railroad water tanks, where tramps are certain to stop, and they have a system of helping each other away on these trains which is as interesting as it is annoying. Let me describe their operations to you: There will be, say, twenty tramps at one of these tanks when we stop for water, half of whom will be going east and half west. Our train is going east. About the time we get ready to start we discover a lot of the tramps climbing on the train in a bold and open manner. We take after them and they are routed off; just as they expect to be. They are their west-bound tramps and have simply been attracting our attention while the east-bound ones are finding places on the train in which to secrete themselves. This is what I call tramp trickery."

VETERAN KANSAS EDITOR.
Sol Miller Dies at His Home in Troy after a Lingering Illness.
Kansas City, Mo., April 17.—A special from Troy, Kan., says: Sol Miller, editor of the Troy Chief and a former state politician of some note, died at his home here this morning after a prolonged illness. He was born in Lafayette, Ind., in 1831. When a boy he was apprenticed to the Germantown, Ohio, Gazette. He came to Kansas in 1857 and soon started the Chief, which he managed to within a week of his death, in a bold and firm editorial manner that won him distinction throughout the west. He was a prominent Odd Fellow.

WILL TAKE NO BACKWARD STEP.
McKinley Means to Stand by Civil Service Rules.

Washington, April 17.—Among the large number of people who called at the White House today was a delegation of members of the League of American Citizens, whose business was to ask the president to revoke all or at least a part of President Cleveland's civil service orders of last year by which about 40,000 federal employees were put under the protection of the law. The delegation, which was largely composed of New Yorkers, with a sprinkling of local office seekers, made quite an argument in favor of revocation. They pointed out to the president the facts which have already been called to his attention a hundred times, that Mr. Cleveland's order was too sweeping, that it embraced officials who ought not to be under the civil service at any time, and more especially that Mr. Cleveland had waited until all these places were filled with Democrats appointed not through the merit system, but by political influence, before acting.

The president listened with his usual politeness to the claims of the delegation, but he had already given much attention to the subject. He was not in favor of taking a backward step in civil service reform, in which he is a great believer, but perhaps mistakes had been made which would require correction.

The delegation left the White House satisfied that in some particulars at least the civil service orders of Mr. Cleveland will be modified by his successor.

TIMOTHY RYAN, PLAINTIFF.
Wants a Hundred Thousand Dollars Out of Chicago, April 17.—A suit for \$100,000 damages was begun in the superior court today against the American Exchange National Bank. The plaintiff is Timothy H. Ryan, who is a dry goods merchant at San Francisco. Ryan is defendant in an attachment suit which was begun by the bank to secure a claim for \$1,250 which had been assigned to it, and which is pending in the circuit court. He bases his claim for damages on the institution of this suit.

GOLD WILL GO OUT IS THE PREDICTION MADE BY A NEW YORK AUTHORITY.

Outflow Liable to Set in Within the Next Ten Days—Not Because of Conditions Existing in This Country But Because Japan and Austria Want the Yellow Metal—Orders Will Come From London But Shipments Will Be Made Direct—Country in Good Shape to Stand the Drain.

New York, April 17.—The Tribune this morning says: There is a prospect of gold exports in the near future. It will not be surprising if shipments are made within the next ten days. Until very recently it was thought that no gold would go to Europe this year, or at any rate until very late in the year. This out-go of gold, which now seems inevitable, will be due not to conditions in this country but to the situation in London, or, to be more exact, to the position in which the Bank of England finds itself. The bank has recently sustained tremendous losses of gold from its vaults, chiefly by reason of withdrawals for Austria and Japan. The loss in gold bullion in the past week has been 1,098,775 pounds, or practically ten million dollars. The shipments for the week to Japan and Austria were \$3,000,000. Sterling exchange in New York is almost up to the gold exporting point which is calculated to be \$4,833,144 for demand exchange. The Bank of England's charge for gold bars is about one penny an ounce above the normal figure, and any additional measure which it may adopt to protect its own supply of gold will almost surely result in gold being drawn from America.

For another thing, the stock of bills of exchange in New York, which two or three months ago was large—approximately at one time at \$100,000,000, counting the bills hypothecated for loans—has been reduced to between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000. This is the time of year when there is a large call for bills by commercial remitters and the amount of new bills offered is not enough for their requirements.

It is quite to attempt to say how much gold will leave this country between this date and July 1, but whatever it may be, it can readily be spared. There is a very large accumulation of gold here. The gold reserve in the United States treasury aggregates \$124,000,000. The Associated Banks of New York hold \$55,000,000, of which a little over \$25,000,000 is deposited in the vaults of the clearing house. Even should the gold to be sent abroad be taken from the treasury reserve, the loss of \$20,000,000 of \$20,000,000 would still leave the government with an ample store.

While the orders for the gold will come from London, the shipments will probably be made to Japan and Austria direct. Accordingly, a large part of the shipment may be made from San Francisco, Japan and Austria are acquiring gold to place themselves on a gold currency basis.

WILL FOUND IN A GRAVE.
His Appearance in an Indiana Town Causes Trouble.

Leavenworth, Ind., April 17.—After lying in a man's coffin for over thirty years a will has been exhumed, and its terms are likely to increase a troublesome litigation among the heirs of the man who had the document buried with him.

Jacob Kieselinger was the man. The will was found by accident, because when Kieselinger died, although the will was believed to have been made, nobody could find it. So the heirs went to law and have been at it for three decades.

A few days ago a dispute arose, which could be cleared up by the family Bible. So the old grave was opened and the will was found. It was in a good state of preservation, and when opened, to the surprise of everybody, disclosed the old man's will.

By the terms of the document found in the grave the property of Kieselinger was divided equally among five children, one of them a resident of Germany and born of Kieselinger's first wife. And this is where the new trouble begins. None of the four American heirs ever heard of their father's first marriage, and not one of them guessed that he had a brother in Europe.

The German heir, of course, has been to ignorance, too, of the existence of his American brothers, and the property and money bequeathed to him. If he presses his claim now, it is said that the four brothers who live here will have quite a hole made in their purses when they pay him what is his by the father's will.

CIVIL PROBATION SCHOOL LAW.
St. Louis Case Under It to be Tested in the Supreme Court.
Jefferson City, Mo., April 17.—An application was made today in the supreme court for a writ of mandamus against the election commissioners of St. Louis to compel them to rescind the action taken by them in giving notice of the special election for school directors to be held on May 15 under the recently enacted Civil Probation School law. The application declares the law unconstitutional. The matter was taken under advisement of the court, whose action will probably determine the standing of the law.

CLASSIFIED WANTS

If You Want--
AGENTS, SALESMEN, MALE HELP, A SITUATION, FEMALE HELP, TO RENT A ROOM, TO RENT A HOUSE, TO BORROW MONEY.

If You Have--
LOST ANYTHING, MONEY TO LOAN, FOUND ANYTHING, ANYTHING TO SELL, ANYTHING TO RENT.

**Make it Known
To the People
Through The Eagle.**

Advertisements under above classifications must be in the counting room by 9 o'clock every night except Saturdays, when the closing hour is 10.



HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 44 N. Waco. 412-31X.

WANTED—A woman of experience to do general housework in family of two; good wages. Address "R." Wichita Eagle Office. 412-31X.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; one that will not object to help take care of an invalid. Apply at 229 N. Water St. Mrs. A. P. Slesser. 412-31X.

WANTED—A competent second girl or colored man to act as waiter &c., at 246 N. Topeka. 129-41.

WANTED—Nurse girl. Apply 204 S. Water street. 412-31X.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.
WANTED—A position as house girl or governess. Address 204 S. Washington Ave. 412-31X.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper for small family or widow. Address "Housekeeper," care Eagle. 412-31X.

WANTED—By good dressmaker, sewing in family. 204 S. Water St. 412-31X.

HELP WANTED—MALE.
WANTED—A young man (of business), steady, or a few hours each day. I. Kaufman, 412 E. Douglas. 412-31X.

MALE HELP WANTED—Reliable man to handle agents for Telephone, Table, and Specialties. Pays \$500 a year. Enclose stamp. Victory Mfg. Co., Cleveland, O. 4-12-12-25.

WANTED—At once—A first-class tinier to the right man steady employment will be given; one who understands repairing bicycles preferred; references required. Address C. L. Turner, El Dorado, Kan. 412-31X.

SITUATION WANTED—MALE.
AGENTS WANTED.
AGENTS WANTED—Agents we can help you get rich; new goods; wonderful sales; full particulars free. National Illuminating Co., 22 Broadway, New York. 4-12-12.

AGENTS WANTED—Agents everywhere to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Write for full information. 324 Madison St., Chicago, Ill. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

WANTED—Agents in every town to sell Simmons automatic skirt supporter. Sample \$1000 free for 2 stamps. Immediate; better than selling. Write quick. Broadway & Co., Box 28, Philadelphia. 412-31X.

CLASSIFIED WANTS

NEW YORK DRESS CUTTING
and
DRESSMAKING SCHOOL.
The only school in the west that pays for material spoiled while learning. School hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. MISS IDA WILLIAMS, General Office, Room 44, Zimmerman Building, Wichita, Kan. Agents wanted. 412-31X.

SUGAR BEET SEEDS—Imported from Germany direct 500 lbs. of Sugar Beet Seed—Improved Klein Wangelin variety—which I can sell at 25c per lb. f.o.b. Wichita, net cash, as long as stock lasts. Farmers and stockmen should make a trial with these seeds. The grown beets average 10 to 15 tons per acre and are the finest feed for stock heads. C. A. Volz, 118 S. Lawrence Ave., Wichita, Kan. 412-31X.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.
WANTED—2 women for hotel laundry; 1 girl to go to Texas, good home, free pass, 1 girl on farm; 1 woman, housekeeper, wife dead, small children, big wages; 5 farm hands; 3 dining room girls, \$15 per month. If you want employment in office, store, on railroad or anywhere put in your application with me in stamps. Respectfully, Employment and Matrimonial Agency. 412-31X.

WANTED—Mistresses to remake, over 500 E. Douglas. 412-31X.

WANTED—To trade new furniture for second-hand goods. N. B. Pechin, 606 E. Douglas. 412-31X.

WANTED—To buy second-hand furniture, J. W. Burton, 920 E. Douglas avenue. 412-31X-Sun-Tues-Thurs.

WANTED—Horses to clip at 120 North Lawrence. Charges reasonable. 412-31X.

WANTED—A young, well broken driving horse. Must be cheap. 141 N. Market. 412-31X.

WANTED—Cattle and horses to pasture; good pasture of 400 acres; plenty of good feed, located 3 1/2 miles southwest of city. Inquire at Clover Leaf Dairy. 412-31X.

WANTED—You can get your piano tuned any time. Our tuner is here all the time. All work guaranteed. Barnes & Newcomb's Music House. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.
FOR SALE—Two driving horses; one pony, one calf; one cart; one set of harness; one fresh cow and calf. Call at 105 S. Topeka Ave. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—A set of Plating Mill machinery; write for list of machines and prices. Will sell cheap. Western Plating Mill Co. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—200 pressed brick, 8,000 common brick. E. J. Spencer. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—A new '92 model, 800 Triples bicycle at wholesale price, or will trade for second-hand goods, doing a little different. Claude O. Funk, 114 N. Main St. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—One Eastman No. 4 folding Kodak, double swing back and taking and making prints. Inquire at 114 N. Main St. Taylor, 21 Ohio avenue. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—A lot of excellent shelving; 18 ft. fancy office railing with gate; 22 ft. speaking tube with whistle; a fine rack, newly painted; 100 lbs. paraffin; machine display horse. Can be seen at Crawford Opera House. Inquire of E. L. Mart Lind, Manager. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Fine two-wheeled carriage, or will trade for first-class driving horse. A. S. Parks, 72 N. Topeka. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Pure Early Ohio seed potatoes, 40c per bushel. W. F. Puckett, 113 N. Vermilion. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Fresh Jersey cows. Toler Stock Farm. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Two fresh cows, or will trade for two lots. Inquire after 5 o'clock p. m. at 315 and Wabash. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—A No. 1 family carriage, horse and a fresh Jersey cow. Inquire 113 N. Topeka. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Household goods, must be sold this week, very cheap. Sideboard, carpets, bedroom suits, good piano, of the desk, one parlor chair, sewing machine, ironing board, and many other large pieces of furniture, chairs, etc. Call or address S. T. Hawley, 135 N. Main St. 412-31X.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.
FOR RENT—Solomon house on College Hill, modern improvements. 412-31X.

FOR RENT—No. 47 N. Waco, 3 rooms, large closets, bath, hot and cold water, oil and furnace. Inquire of Stanley N. Vermilion. 412-31X.

FOR RENT—Houses in all parts of the city. Inquire at 141 N. Main St. 412-31X.

FOR RENT—8-room house, modern improvements. Inquire 80 N. Topeka Ave. 412-31X.

FOR RENT—A fine large residence No. 105 S. Lawrence, with 100 ft. ground; 100 ft. long; good lawn. The residence cost \$25,000. It is on a fine residence street; two story houses from city school; twenty minutes walking to city school. Inquire at 141 N. Main St. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Seven-room detached house, 110; seven-room detached house, 110; E. J. Spencer. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Night room house, bath, 100 ft. lot, close to 100. E. J. Spencer. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—The fine large residence No. 105 S. Lawrence, with 100 ft. ground; 100 ft. long; good lawn. The residence cost \$25,000. It is on a fine residence street; two story houses from city school; twenty minutes walking to city school. Inquire at 141 N. Main St. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Seven-room detached house, 110; seven-room detached house, 110; E. J. Spencer. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Night room house, bath, 100 ft. lot, close to 100. E. J. Spencer. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—The fine large residence No. 105 S. Lawrence, with 100 ft. ground; 100 ft. long; good lawn. The residence cost \$25,000. It is on a fine residence street; two story houses from city school; twenty minutes walking to city school. Inquire at 141 N. Main St. 412-31X.

FOR SALE—Seven-room detached house, 110; seven-room detached house, 110; E. J. Spencer. 4